



# Sanjay Tiger Reserve

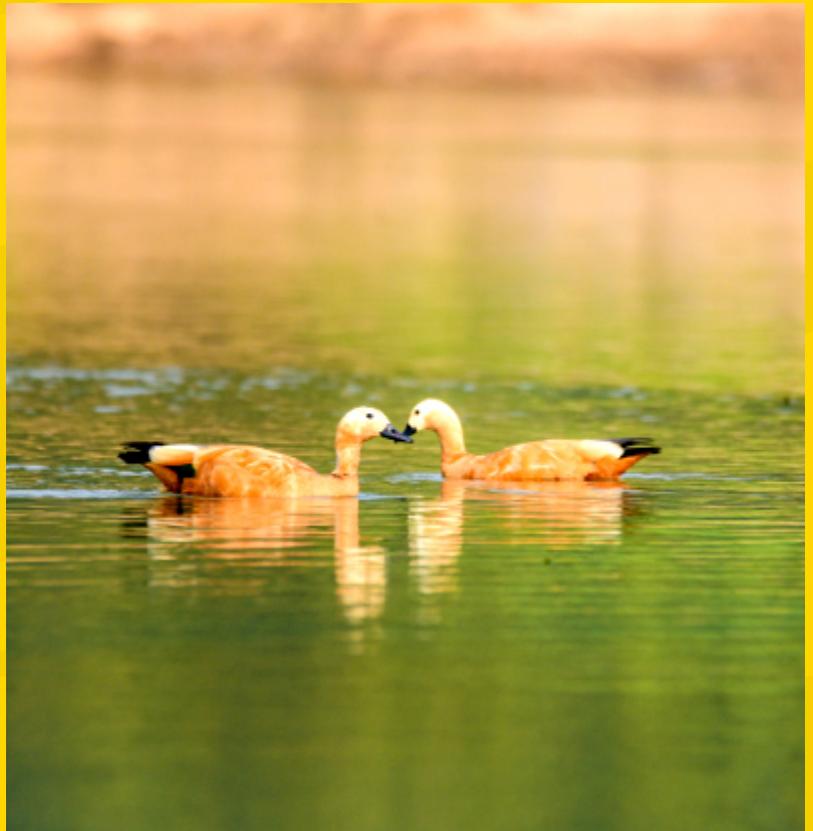
Not just an ordinary Tiger Reserve



# Sanjay Tiger Reserve

## About the Reserve

The area of Sanjay Tiger Reserve comprises Sanjay National Park and Dubri Sanctuary, both notified in 1975, and often collectively referred as Sanjay Dubri Tiger Reserve, which became a tiger reserve in 2008. The reserve is in the heart of Incredible India, Madhya



Pradesh, and is spread over an area of 1674.11 sq. km, comprising of Sanjay National Park, Dubri Wildlife Sanctuary, along with some buffer areas from Sidhi and Shahdol districts of Madhya Pradesh. It is located in the north-eastern part of the state of Madhya Pradesh. It shares its border with Guru Ghasidas National Park in the south, which was actually the part of this Tiger Reserve before the formation of Chhattisgarh in the year 2000.

# Sanjay Tiger Reserve

## Features of the Reserve

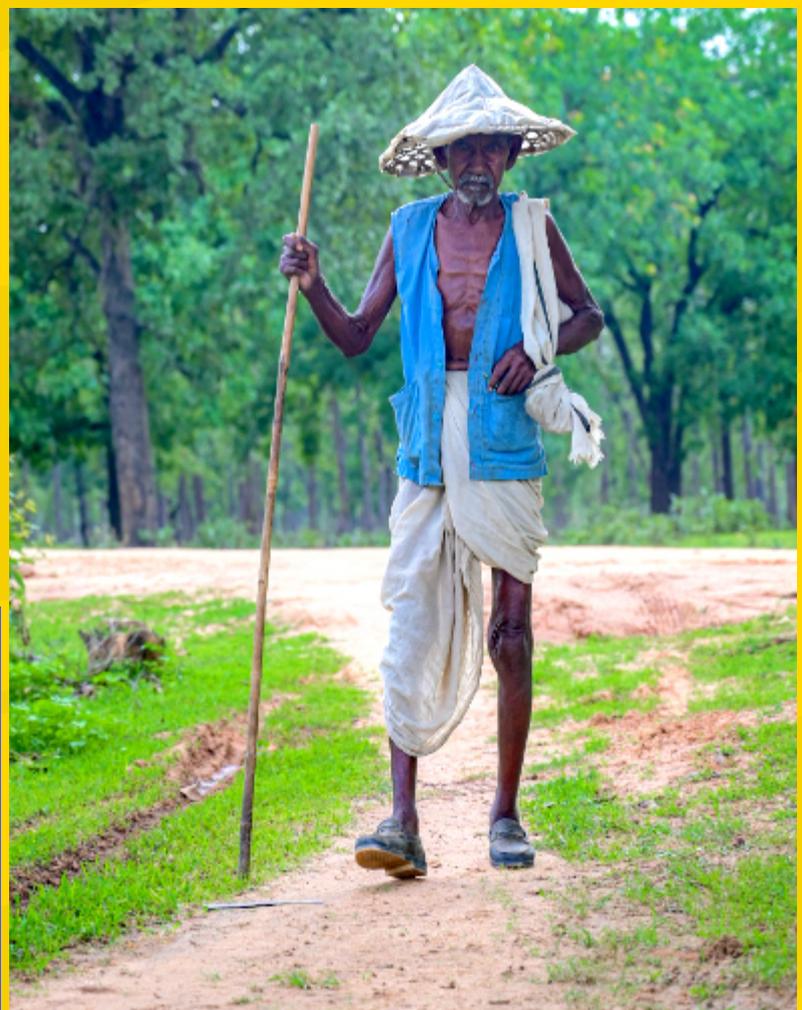
Sanjay Tiger Reserve is a nature's paradise that is located in the Sidhi district of Madhya Pradesh. The reserve is as unique as the world-famous white tiger, MOHAN, who was found and rescued by the then Maharaja of Rewa, Raja Martand Singh, in 1951. In principal, this reserve is also the mother of all White Tigers founds across the world presently. Sanjay Tiger Reserve is bestowed with rich floral and faunal diversity, along with some of the



critically endangered species. For a wildlife and nature enthusiast or someone who wants to explore into the deep woods, Sanjay Tiger Reserve has to be on their bucket list.

The Reserve is part of the 'Bandhavgarh' 'Sanjay Dubri' 'Guguru Ghasidas' 'Palamau' landscape and has been identified as one of the potential tiger meta-population landscapes that are currently in need of conservation inputs.

**As an exemplary model of coexistence, more than 20,000 villagers of 33 villages are inhabiting along with a thriving population of wildlife in the core areas of the reserve!**



Various perennial rivers flow through the reserve, viz., Gopad, Banas, Mawai, Mohan, Kodmar, Umrari, etc. Rivers Gopad and Banas flow into the river Son to form Son-gharial Sanctuary, which is one of the five places in the world where the critically endangered gharials are breeding in their natural habitat.

# Sanjay Tiger Reserve

## Geography of the Reserve

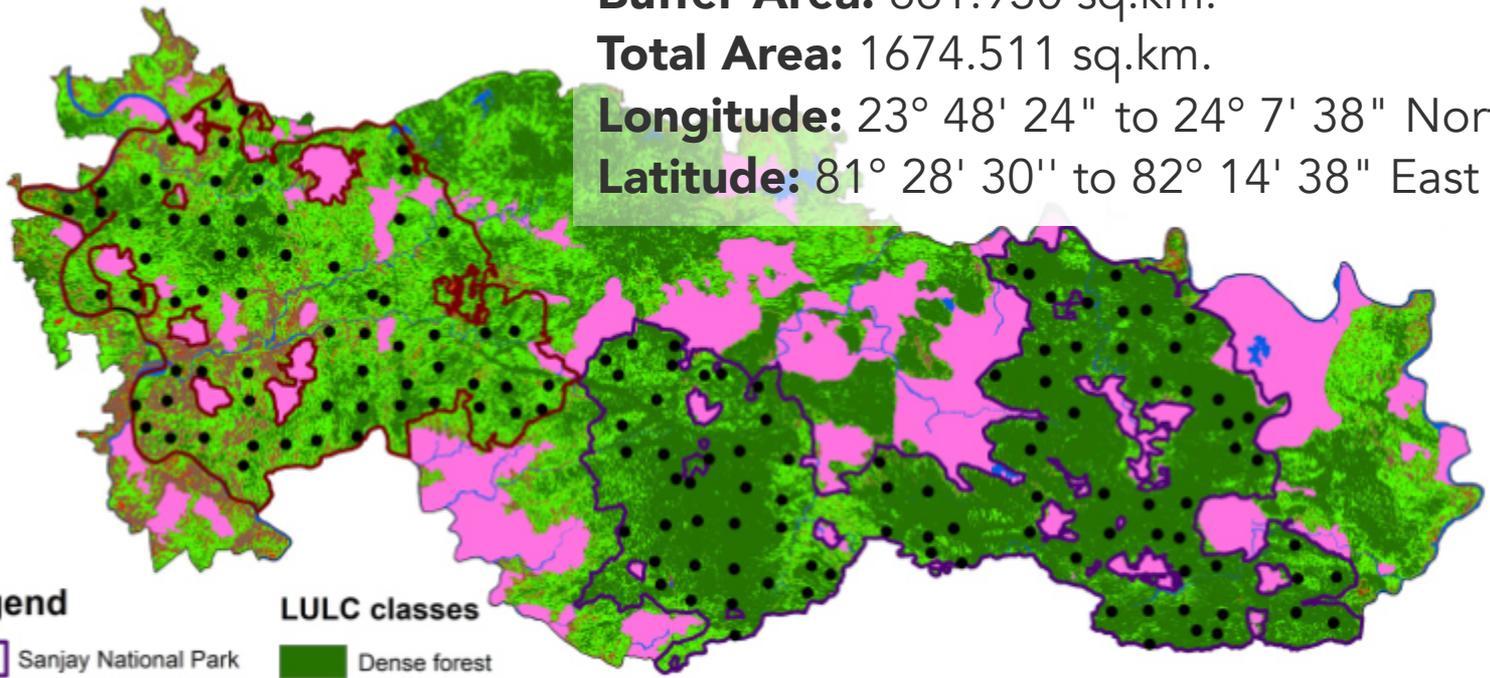
**Core Area of the Reserve:** 812.581 sq.km.

**Buffer Area:** 861.930 sq.km.

**Total Area:** 1674.511 sq.km.

**Longitude:** 23° 48' 24" to 24° 7' 38" North

**Latitude:** 81° 28' 30" to 82° 14' 38" East



### Legend

	Sanjay National Park		Dense forest
	Dubri Wildlife Sanctuary		Open forest
	Boundary of buffer area		Scrubland
	Camera trap locations		Barren land
			Water body
			Agricultural land

0 3 6 12 18 24 Kilometers

**Altitude:** 212 m to 538 m above MSL

**Average rainfall:** 1100 mm

**Average temperature:** 30°C



### Seasons:

Summer (April ~ Mid June)

Monsoon (Mid June ~ Late September)

Winter (October ~ Mid February)

### Core Zones for Tourism:

Dubri Sanctuary - Bastua gate, Salaiya gate, Kothar Badkadol Gate

### Buffer Zones for Tourism:

Amjhar, Aamgaon, Kusmi and Songarh are entry gates.



# Sanjay Tiger Reserve

## Why visit the Reserve?

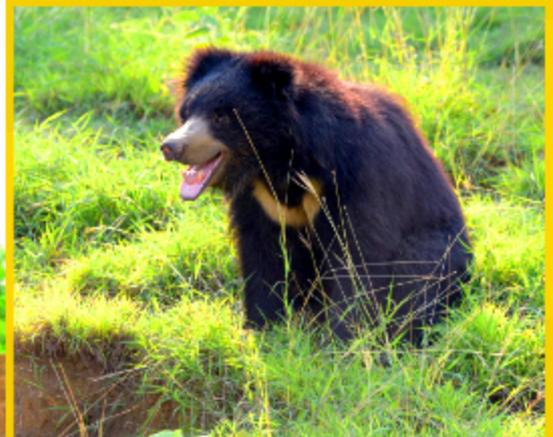
### Main Attraction:

Sanjay Dubri Tiger Reserve: Not only a good number of tigers, but this lesser-known reserve houses countless species of birds, mammals, reptiles, amphibians, and freshwater fish beneath its pristine evergreen Sal forest. The recent bird and butterfly surveys are taking these numbers even higher! Daily forest safaris are being arranged by the forest department in the morning and evening, which is a wonderful opportunity for the visitor to witness the tiger and many other exotic wildlife.



### Nearby attractions:

Sanjay tiger reserve	25km
Son Gharial Sanctuary	70km
Bagdara Wildlife Sanctuary	80km
Mukundpur zoo, (White tiger)	45km
Chandreh Temple	25km
Bansagar Dam	25km
Bandhavgarh Tiger Reserve	75km
Rock shelter	80km



# Sanjay Tiger Reserve

## How to reach the Reserve?

### Route guide

The adjoining township, named Beohari, is just 25 kilometres away from the park gate and can be reached by autoriksha service and private cars. Beohari is well connected with many important cities via direct train and bus services. Travelling by private car is one of the best options. The nearest airports you can find are in Varanasi and Jabalpur. Here is a list of distances, from the location of the camp to major landmarks and cities!

### Distance from prominent points:

Beohari Station	15km (Car and taxi)
Sidhi	55km (Bus and car)
Rewa	80km (Bus and car)
Shahdol	110km (Bus and car)
Satna	130km (Bus and car)
Singrauli	150km (Train, bus and car)
Katni	170km (Train, bus and car)
Khajuraho	230km (Bus and car)
Varanasi	250km (Bus and car)
Jabalpur	250km (Train and car)
Bhopal	580km (Bus and car)
Delhi	880km (Train and car)
Howrah	900km (Train and car)



संजय टाइगर रिजर्व  
SANJAY TIGER RESERVE

### Contact us

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